

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

AL ESTATE SALES.

DSMITH

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PRICE FIVE CENTS

BISHOP NELSON

Will Accept the Election to the Georgia Diocese.

A VISIT TO THE LEARNED PRELATE

By a Special Representative of The Constitution.

MR. NELSON'S FORMER PARISHIONERS

Are Reluctant to Give Him Up—Looking Around for a New Rector.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., November 18. [Special.]—There is now no question but that Bishop-elect Cleland Kinloch Nelson will accept the call to the bishopric of the Georgia diocese. The convention's committee will reach him tomorrow morning, and will formally confer with him and notify him of his election. But THE CONSTITUTION's correspondent has information which authorizes him to announce that the call will be accepted.

The bishop-elect's congregation at this place has already begun to look about for his successor, and while they regret very much to give him up, his friends are delighted at his promotion. He is very popular here, and is an earnest church worker, and will, no doubt, do great good to the church in Georgia.

Everybody Knows Him.

Everybody knows Dr. Nelson about Bethlehem. Before I had reached the depot, a beautiful stone structure, partly hidden by the slope of the hill on which it rests, was pointed out as his church—the Church of the Nativity. A long, slightly ascending green sward runs from the railroad to the church, skirting Wyandotte street, lined with the houses of the wealthy and the cultured of the city. Before one is tired of the unaccustomed climbing, the pretty church is passed, and the equally pretty stone rectory, that it has hidden from view, comes in sight. It is separated from the place of worship only by the lawn, which extends all around both buildings. No fence or wall mars the beauty of the two, architecturally in perfect harmony. All is open to the world as the soul of the rector, who welcomes the stranger with a cordiality and plays the host with a gracious affability that one feels tempted to say is the priceless inheritance that has come to him from many generations of southern ancestors.

A Southern Man.

For Dr. Nelson, it must not be overlooked, is southern by birth, by descent and by sentiment. His great-grandfather, General Thomas Nelson, was governor of Virginia; his grandfather played a prominent part in the affairs of that commonwealth, and his father is lovingly remembered by a host of Virginians, scattered in all parts of the country, as a successful educator in Albemarle county, in that state, where the bishop-elect was born on May 23, 1832. It was under his father's careful instruction that his early education was obtained, he remaining at his school until he was past sixteen years of age. Then he took a four years' classical course at St. John's college, Annapolis, where his uncle was vice president. His theological studies were pursued almost entirely in private, he merely taking a lecture course of three months at Berkeley Divinity school, Middletown, Conn., after being ordained to the deaconate.

In various sections of the Old Dominion Dr. Nelson's relatives reside. In South Carolina, too, he has family connections, his mother being a Charleston lady. When he sought a bride he also came southward, and in Maryland he was married to Miss Matthews, a lady connected with many southern families of prominence.

"So you see," said he laughingly to the representative of THE CONSTITUTION, as he ran over the list, "I really ought to feel an interest in the south; don't you think so?" Some one has said, you know, that a man is never so happy as when he is in the land of his ancestors, in the section with which all their interests were identified. I have been deprived of this pleasure to a considerable extent, my visits to the south having been infrequent, and never extending beyond Columbia, S. C., where I have relatives. I have always felt a strong desire to make a tour of the south, and some day, perhaps, the wish will be gratified.

An Avowed Socialist.

Rsv. A. W. Spague, of Charleston, Mass., said a great number of the objections against socialism were based upon an absolute misconception of its principles. He was himself avowedly and openly a socialist. His belief was founded not on political economy alone, but upon his faith in Jesus Christ. He felt that the fundamental principles of socialism were the principles of Christ. The fundamental principle of the old system was selfishness; every man was to look out for himself and think only of himself. That was the business maxim. Socialism said we were not to carry on business for individual profit, but it demanded the best service of all. Socialism insisted that God had not staffed him when he made him. Love thy neighbor as thyself."

The Aim of Socialism.

Watson's Opinion.

Congressman Watson, of Georgia, remarked today that the south was ripe for independent political action and that if Cleveland was nominated for president no power on earth could hold Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Arkansas or Texas in line for him.

The Ohio delegates to the convention and the people's party representatives from that state as far as their power went, were for the election of Mr. Simpson, in explaining the reason for their opposition to the democratic candidate.

"The returns show that the people's party made an increase of 10 per cent over their vote of last year. In many localities the republicans and democrats combined. Of course, last year we had the opposition of the democratic and other parties. This year, however, we have no opposition ticket, while this time we had to go it alone. I think that the people's party is stronger in Kansas today than it ever was."

Watson's Letter.

The whole difficulty over representation arose from the failure of state secretaries to report the failing off in membership, which has occurred in various states, and especially in Mississippi and Tennessee, where there is great opposition to Macaulay and the anti-subtreasury alliance.

This neglect was intentional, having been ordered by the national leaders on account of the detrimental effects such reports would have on the order. The assessments were, therefore, based on the exaggerated reports of membership whereby some fifteen thousand Mississippi members, for example, were asked to pay the dues of twenty thousand. The result was that the assessments of the backsliders was the cause of the deficiency in the treasury. Had not several states agreed to make up their deficiency the number of delegates would have been still further reduced.

The Committee of Five.

Colonel Livingston moved to appoint a committee of five to meet the anti-subtreasury committee and hear their protest and report to the supreme council.

Mr. McDowell, of Tennessee, moved to table Colonel Livingston's motion, alleging that he was in the interest of Wall street, the cotton press and the anti-alliance democracy of the south.

Mr. Terrill, of Texas, opposed the motion to table, saying there was a large and respectable crowd under McAllister's umbrella, whose complaints should be heard and considered.

Mr. Watson of Georgia, moved to table the motion, as he did not believe that the alliance would be cowardly to recognize McAllister's committee, the chairman of which was here representing the worst political elements in the south; that he had done nothing else for eight months but attack alliance leaders and oppose its measures.

He Was Still Apart.

The longer the alliance remains in session the farther apart grow the various factions.

Model Parish.

As a result of his unremitting attention to his model parish. Such a man transferred to a sphere of broader activity ought to be seen.

as the head of a model diocese.

## THERE WAS TROUBLE

When McAllister Asked for a Hearing at Indianapolis,

## BUT AT LAST HE HAD A CONFERENCE

With a Committee of Five, Including Livingston,

## AND THEY TALKED OVER THE MATTER.

Tom Watson Says if Cleveland Is Nominated, Georgia, with Other Southern States Could Not Be Carried.

Will Wait Upon McAllister.

The committee will call on Messrs. McAllister, Hall and Yeaman, of the anti-subtreasury committee, this afternoon. These gentlemen will refuse to let the protest be read except in the full alliance.

McAllister will leave for Fort Worth, Texas, tomorrow, and from there will formulate a call for a national meeting of anti-subtreasury alliance. A separate organization will be maintained all over the country.

Before the adjournment of the executive session a significant action was taken by the anti-subtreasury people will receive very little consideration.

A resolution was adopted almost unanimously reaffirming the adherence of the alliance to every plank in the Rosedale platform.

The Funds Are Short.

Macaulay's resolution to reduce representation of the alliance is likely to pass, and gives no end of uneasiness to delegates who have come here with a narrow allowance of funds. It is

has developed that the treasury is nearly empty, and unless representation is reduced there will not be enough money to pay all the delegates, the alliance having been failing of many states and the state alliances have not paid their quota of assessment to the national body.

The third party matter is also a bone of contention. There is no doubt that the sentiment in favor of independent political action is much stronger than it was last year. The new movement now has a large number of champions from the south, most of them being men of great influence and standing. This is particularly the case with Georgia.

Tom Watson on Hand.

Congressman Tom Watson, of the tenth Georgia district, is here and he is an ardent advocate of the new party. He is backed up by State Senator Ellington, the leader of the alliance in the Georgia legislature and vice president of the Georgia State Alliance. In fact, the only man from that state who is openly fighting the third party is Congressman Livingston, who is also president of the alliance of that state.

Most of the Texas men favor the new movement, and the majority of those from Texas and Arkansas are the same way. Alabama, South Carolina, and most of the other southern states are against it.

The National Union.

The discussion of socialism showed a great difference of opinion among the delegates, but developed the fact that quite a number of them were ready to avow themselves socialists. Dr. Alsop, first speaker, urged adhesion to the present system of social economics. He did not believe that the present conditions were so bad as they were made out to be. Thirst has its reward, enterprise rarely failed to reward its profit. Labor, third, capital and enterprise had wrought wonders, seconded by inventive genius. Under socialism he believed there would be a diminution in the productive power of the world. Every one of the socialists was a socialist, was either a socialist or a communist. George was the leader in that movement. To expect thrift and well-being to result from such theories would be to expect a stream to rise higher than its source. He combated the rich that the rich were growing richer, and poor poorer. Interest and profits were steadily diminished. The tendency of capital was to push down wages and to help the laborer. While admitting the abuses of trusts and vast monopolies, which should be checked, he said, out of every hundred eggs a dozen laid, 90 per cent at least went to the workmen and not more than 10 to the capitalist.

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## THE TWO SISTERS

Who Were Waiting for Their Gallant Grooms.

ONE SECURES HER HUSBAND,

While the Other Loses Hers Through the Wife of a Sweet-Looking Lady Friend.

FORT VALLEY, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—It has just become current upon the streets that a marriage took place near here last Saturday evening with unusual romance attached.

It seems that Mr. James Wilson, a prosperous young farmer near this place, and a Mr. Graham, of Upson county, were to marry two sisters, the Misses Bowers, or Crawford county, last Sunday, at a church near the home of the prospective brides.

Mr. Graham visited Mr. Wilson Friday night to make all necessary arrangements, and Saturday he started to Knoxville to procure his license, and Mr. Wilson asked him to buy his also, and told him he would meet him Sunday morning and that they would repair to the home of their future helpmeets together. This was the understanding when the two Brides-elect separated.

## The Romance Comes In.

Here is where the romance comes in. Some two weeks ago Miss Lillie Speer, from Monroe county, a distant cousin of Mr. Wilson, came down to attend the happy nuptials. Mr. Wilson and Miss Speer, who is a very handsome, stylish young lady, had not met each other since they were children, but in the short time of two weeks a flame of love was kindled in the breast of each which nothing but death could subdue, and Saturday morning the twain decided to be made one at all hazards.

With this intention paramount in their minds the determined couple jumped in a buggy behind a fine span of horses, ostensibly for a short drive.

## The Marriage Takes Place.

Mr. Wilson drove direct to a friend's home near Perry, where he left Miss Speer until he could drive down to town and procure the license. This did not take long, and the determined couple were soon made man and wife. Mr. Graham waited at the meeting place with a license Sunday morning until his patience was exhausted for Mr. Wilson to arrive, but he came not; so Mr. Graham went on to fulfill his engagement, and was married as per arrangement.

## A License to Spare.

Now Mr. Wilson has a second-hand marriage license for sale, and is on the lookout for a wrathful and disappointed bride and a would-be mother and father-in-law, with ire and vengeance in their eyes.

The gossip about this unusual marriage is just beginning now, and the bride and groom will no doubt spend their honeymoon with burning ears.

## They Are Marrying in Banks.

HOMER, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—A matrimonial boom has struck Banks county. Couples are frequently married at the courthouse, and the call for marriage licenses has been steady and increasing for some time. The cry of hard times seems to have had no effect on the demand and the perquisites of the ordinary's office are quite an item, indeed.

## COLONEL YANCEY'S BIG TRADE.

The Talk About the Sale of the Rome Fire Insurance Company.

ROME, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—The news of the sale of the Rome Fire Insurance Company to the Commercial Union Assurance Company, of London, limited, is today the subject of much conversation in Rome.

That the investment has been a splendid one for the stockholders there is no doubt. That the 4 per cent semi-annual dividends and the money the stockholders will now receive is a handsome thing is a fact agreed to by all.

The Rome Fire Insurance Company was, however, one of Rome's best advertising an representative institutions, and there are many from a patriotic point who will regret to see the company absorbed by a powerful foreign corporation.

Besides this, it is said that from the various agencies the main office in Rome received about two hundred and fifty thousand dollars per annum in premiums which accrued some what to the commerce of the city.

THE CONSTITUTION learned today from Agent C. S. Wood that the present force, with the exception of Colonel Yancey and his nephew, Yancey Harris, will leave, as Rome will no longer be the main office. But the business will be done through the New York office.

The local business will be under the direction of Colonel Hamilton Yancey, and it is said he will hold a splendid position with the new company.

Messrs. Harry Young, Jack Bellamy, Hughes McDaniel, Cross, Clarence Wood and Ed. Maddox constitute the present force in addition to Colonel Yancey and Mr. Harris.

The "insurance boys" are great favorites in Rome, and the departure of some for new fields will cause regrets.

The charter of the Rome Fire Insurance Company has been sent on and it is no longer Rome's institution as it was before.

## HALL COUNTY GOES DRY.

The Prohibitionists Carry the Day by 100 Majority.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—The prohibition election passed off very quietly in Hall county today. Very little interest was manifested on either side. Out of a vote of 758 ballots cast at Gainesville, the wet carried the pre-ecision by 88 majority. Of seventeen precincts in the county, returns are in from six, and the dry has 8 majority. The county has gone dry by at least 100 majority. It is impossible to obtain full returns tonight.

## A FALL IN COTTON.

The Crop in Talbot County Will Be Two Thousand Bales Short.

TALBOTTON, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—It is estimated that the cotton crop of the county will be 2,000 bales short, which at 9 cents (the prevailing price in former years) would amount to \$90,000. Then the present indications are that there will be a falling off of about seven dollars and a half per bale in the price of this year's crop, which is estimated at about ten thousand bales in the county, so the crop will be about 75,000 bales, or seven thousand dollars. These two sums added amount to \$165,000, or a reduction in the revenue from the cotton crop of about twelve dollars each on the county's 14,000 inhabitants.

The Cotton Crop One-Third Short.

HOMER, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—The cotton crop in Banks county is at least one-third short, and the price is so low that many are unable to pay their debts. There is a great deal of suing and taking out of attachments, foreclosure of mortgages and recording of new ones. Some are running away and some are taking the schedules or availing themselves of other exemptions. Old men say it's the hardest times since the war. Quite a dozen cases were sold yesterday at a constable's sale. Much distress and trouble discourage the people and farmers are out of heart generally.

## A Canning Factory.

BUTLER, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Exports are being made to establish a canning factory here. There is great interest in the proposed enterprise.

EDITOR PATILLO IS FREE.

The Jury Declares His Killing of Hudson Justifiable.

AUGUSTA, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Mr. Louis H. Patillo is a free and happy man tonight.

He has been acquitted of the charge of the murder of Mr. Charles H. Hudson, and is thoroughly vindicated before the public.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty at 8:10 o'clock tonight after being out one hour. The jury, upon retiring, took a ballot and the count stood eleven for acquittal and one for manslaughter.

Without much further disagreement, on the second ballot, the jurymen stood unanimous for acquittal.

A member of the jury said this man, who stood alone for manslaughter, is claimed by the jury, was in favor of acquittal all along, but expressed himself for manslaughter to give a jurymen who was very pronounced in his verdict for acquittal.

Acquitted on Self-Defense.

None of the facts in the case save those having a legal basis were considered. The law in the case, as ably expounded by Judge Twigg and Mr. Lamar, was the point on which it was decided. It was the law with reference to provocation and self-defense. Solicitor Boykin Wright based his only hope on controverting the point, which was sustained in this particular. He contested every inch of ground. His argument was the most able he ever delivered in a Georgia court. He made special preparation in this case, and fought it from the beginning to the end with bulldog determination. The speeches of Mr. Lamar and Judge Twigg were matchless, and elicited most flattering compliments from the bar and audience. Their management of the legal intricate questions involved was simply overpowering and conclusive.

How the Verdict Was Received.

Mr. Patillo received the expected verdict with folded arms, and immediately stepped forward to the jury box and returned his grateful and sincere thanks to them. Mr. Patillo was afterwards surrounded by his many friends, including the officers of the court and jurymen, who heartily shook his hand, and congratulated him upon his success in being cleared of so serious a charge. The trial lasted exactly three days.

A Sad Feature.

One of the saddest features of the Patillo trial was the sorrow and privation one of the jurors was in being prevented from performing a sacred duty.

Yesterday Mr. William Cone, one of the twelve jurors, received news of the death of his sister, Mrs. Castleberry.

The sad tidings deeply affected Mr. Cone, but he sacrificed his personal feelings and remained at his post of public duty unto the end.

TO MAKE A TEST CASE.

Hamburg Draymen Who Do Not Want to Pay License.

AUGUSTA, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—The police are out today arresting the drivers of unlicensed drays, wagons and delivery carts and carrying the teams to the courthouse. Nearly a hundred teams were locked up. Recorder Price fined each party \$5 as the penalty for not taking out the license. Among the many teams carried in were four carts belonging to W. J. Rutherford & Co., brick manufacturers, over in Hamburg. In order to have these teams released the firm paid their fine and took out the necessary license, but under protest Rutherford & Co. will make a test case of it, and will go into the superior court to have it decided whether or not the city has the right to tax teams which come to Augusta from places outside of the city. They claim that their business is in Flamborough, across the river, outside this state, and that the pay license is to the township of Aiken county, and to the state of South Carolina, and that Augusta has no right to tax them if their carts come into the city delivering either produce or brick. Mr. Rutherford says the city made the bridge free to invite trade to Augusta, and now, when trade comes, they want to tax it.

Playing with a Gun.

ATHENS, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Yesterday morning, Mr. W. D. Williams, of the ten-year-old son of Mr. W. D. Williams, of this city, was out in the pasture lot at his father's home in the city and was shooting a little gun. The gun exploded suddenly, knocking the little fellow down. His mother ran out to him and found him bleeding profusely from several scratches. His face was badly burned, and one eye was closed entirely. He has not opened his eye since, but the attending physician says there is nothing serious to be apprehended and that the full use of the eye will return in a few days.

Hold for Murder.

JEFFERSON, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—William Johnson, colored, was brought here last night and lodged in jail. He killed a negro named John Anderson at Jug Tavern last Saturday evening.

Johnson claims to have acted in self-defense. Anderson was trying to break into a house in which Johnson had taken refuge. The negro was shot twice. He died instantly. Johnson fled and was captured by a posse headed by Mr. Bob Carothers. The negro was making for South Carolina, his old home.

He Will Hardly Be Missed.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Joe Jones, a negro jockey from Charleston, who is at the exposition with Mr. W. A. Burch's stable, attempted to kill himself in the stable at the grounds last night by shooting himself in the mouth. The negro was despondent because he was not allowed to ride his horse in Monday's race. The ball lodged in the negro's neck, and his chances for recovery are slim.

The Negro Is Dead.

REYNOLDS, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—At a negro supper last Friday night, on Mr. B. H. Newsome's place two miles from town, Tom Young, a negro servant of General J. B. Williams, a boy about twenty years of age, engaged in a difficulty, which resulted in Eddie Deagon, a negro, a severe blow on the head with a large Tom a standard, crushing in the skull, from the effects of which he died yesterday.

Watkinsville vs. Athens.

ATHENS, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Athens had a lively fight yesterday morning on the hotel corner between Messrs. R. L. Reaves and Sam Harris. Harris said Reaves cursed him and that he struck him for it. Reaves was pretty badly bruised about the face, when the officers pulled Harris off him. Harris is a citizen of Watkinsville and Reaves lives in Athens.

Almost an Accident.

ATHENS, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Last night, about dark, there came very near being an accident on the electric car line on Franklin street.

Mr. J. C. Abel, a young man who superintended the erection of the electric line, was on one of the cars and was standing on the step looking up at the wires. He did not notice an approaching car at the switch, and the motor-man of that car thought he had seen him coming.

The car ran on, striking Mr. Abel on the back of the head and knocking him off between the cars.

The cars were quickly stopped and the young man carried down town for a physician. His injuries were quite painful but not of a serious nature.

Thirty Bales of Cotton Burned.

SPRINGFIELD, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—The cotton gin of Colsons S. M. C. G. with thirty bales of cotton and several hundred bushels of seed, was destroyed by fire this morning. Supposed to have caught fire a match while the gin was running. The loss is a heavy one. Colson's is running.

Editor Patillo is Free.

Mr. Louis H. Patillo is a free and happy man tonight.

He has been acquitted of the charge of the murder of Mr. Charles H. Hudson, and is thoroughly vindicated before the public.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty at 8:10 o'clock tonight after being out one hour.

The jury, upon retiring, took a ballot and the count stood eleven for acquittal and one for manslaughter.

Without much further disagreement, on the second ballot, the jurymen stood unanimous for acquittal.

A member of the jury said this man, who stood alone for manslaughter, is claimed by the jury, was in favor of acquittal all along, but expressed himself for manslaughter to give a jurymen who was very pronounced in his verdict for acquittal.

Acquitted on Self-Defense.

None of the facts in the case save those having a legal basis were considered. The law in the case, as ably expounded by Judge Twigg and Mr. Lamar, was the point on which it was decided. It was the law with reference to provocation and self-defense. Solicitor Boykin Wright based his only hope on controverting the point, which was sustained in this particular. He contested every inch of ground. His argument was the most able he ever delivered in a Georgia court. He made special preparation in this case, and fought it from the beginning to the end with bulldog determination. The speeches of Mr. Lamar and Judge Twigg were matchless, and elicited most flattering compliments from the bar and audience. Their management of the legal intricate questions involved was simply overpowering and conclusive.

How the Verdict Was Received.

Mr. Patillo received the expected verdict with folded arms, and immediately stepped forward to the jury box and returned his grateful and sincere thanks to them. Mr. Patillo was afterwards surrounded by his many friends, including the officers of the court and jurymen, who heartily shook his hand, and congratulated him upon his success in being cleared of so serious a charge. The trial lasted exactly three days.

A Sad Feature.

One of the saddest features of the Patillo trial was the sorrow and privation one of the jurors was in being prevented from performing a sacred duty.

Yesterday Mr. William Cone, one of the twelve jurors, received news of the death of his sister, Mrs. Castleberry.

The sad tidings deeply affected Mr. Cone, but he sacrificed his personal feelings and remained at his post of public duty unto the end.

TO MAKE A TEST CASE.

Hamburg Draymen Who Do Not Want to Pay License.

AUGUSTA, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—The police are out today arresting the drivers of unlicensed drays, wagons and delivery carts and carrying the teams to the courthouse. Nearly a hundred teams were locked up. Recorder Price fined each party \$5 as the penalty for not taking out the license. Among the many teams carried in were four carts belonging to W. J. Rutherford & Co., brick manufacturers, over in Hamburg. In order to have these teams released the firm paid their fine and took out the necessary license, but under protest Rutherford & Co. will make a test case of it, and will go into the superior court to have it decided whether or not the city has the right to tax teams which come to Augusta from places outside of the city. They claim that their business is in Flamborough, across the river, outside this state, and that the pay license is to the township of Aiken county, and to the state of South Carolina, and that Augusta has no right to tax them if their carts come into the city delivering either produce or brick. Mr. Rutherford says the city made the bridge free to invite trade to Augusta, and now, when trade comes, they want to tax it.

Playing with a Gun.

ATHENS, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Yesterday morning, Mr. W. D. Williams, of the ten-year-old son of Mr. W. D. Williams, of this city, was out in the pasture lot at his father's home in the city and was shooting a little gun. The gun exploded suddenly, knocking the little fellow down. His mother ran out to him and found him bleeding profusely from several scratches. His face was badly burned, and one eye was closed entirely. He has not opened his eye since, but the attending physician says there is nothing serious to be apprehended and that the full use of the eye will return in a few days.

Hold for Murder.

JEFFERSON, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—William Johnson, colored, was brought here last night and lodged in jail. He killed a negro named John Anderson at Jug Tavern last Saturday evening.

Johnson claims to have acted in self-defense. Anderson was trying to break into a house in which Johnson had taken refuge. The negro was shot twice. He died instantly. Johnson fled and was captured by a posse headed by Mr. Bob Carothers. The negro was making for South Carolina, his old home.

He Will Hardly Be Missed.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—Last night, about dark, there came very near being an accident on the electric car line on Franklin street.

Mr. J. C. Abel, a young man who superintended the erection of the electric line, was on one of the cars and was standing on the step looking up at the wires. He did not notice an approaching car at the switch, and the motor-man of that car thought he had seen him coming.

The car ran on, striking Mr. Abel on the back of the head and knocking him off between the cars.

The cars were quickly stopped and the young man carried down town for a physician. His injuries were quite painful but not of a serious nature.

The hardest times since the war. Quite a dozen cases were sold yesterday at a constable's sale.

Throat  
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ND ALL  
mmation  
in bottles. All druggists.  
RACT CO., 765 1/2 Ave., N.Y.

## RICHMOND TERMINAL.

Big Slump in the Price of Stocks.

MOST THE LOWEST FIGURE

that the Terminal Securities Have Ever Reached—Inquiring Into the Causes.

NEW YORK, November 18.—[Special.]—The Richmond Terminal securities declined from five points on the stock exchange day, and sold within one point of the lowest prices ever reached.

When President Inman secured proxies for a majority of the East Tennessee company's stock, and the loan to pay the outstanding debts of the several companies controlled by the Terminal, he was assured, it was thought the attacks on the company's securities would let up for awhile, but such was not the case. The Wall street syndicate that is supposed to be trying to oust President Inman and bring about a reorganization of the company, today hammered the stock down at a rate that at one time threatened to involve all other southern securities. The scheme to force a reorganization is being used with greater vigor than ever during the absence of Mr. Inman at Knoxville.

The Evening Sun, in its financial article to-day, says:

The unpleasant feature of the market was the continued decline in Richmond Terminal securities to start very disagreeable vibrations in the minds of holders. This stock is almost down to a figure where it represents no value except the company's right to assess holders. The bonds are selling at prices which would be simply ridiculous if any number of persons believed the interest would not be defuncted. Richmond Terminal affairs seem to be approaching crisis, the extent of which will not be known for some time before the annual meeting next month. Perhaps by that time a new body will have accumulated a sufficient amount of securities at these prices, and will be wanting to see them go up. It is now known that there will certainly be made to reorganize the property. When it was made public that the existing debt had been provided for, many thought that the company's troubles were over, but those of the head of the firm see the difficulty of continuing on the present basis. Perhaps an effort will be made to reorganize. This will probably include the selling of the bonds and the passage of a dividend on the preferred. Possibly it will include an assessment on the stock.

The heavy drop in the Richmond Terminal securities knocked all the enthusiasm out of the market.

The Telegram's Views.

The Telegram in its Wall street column says: Richmond Terminal was the black sheep of the stock. The bonds and preferred stock broke badly. The preferred declined over five points, and sold good for many more. The common stock was over a point. The collateral trust bonds were down three points.

It was not in short sales, but the marketing of securities of the bona fide holders. It was reported that the dividend in the preferred would be paid. This alone could not account for such a serious break in a rising market.

It is believed that there is something radically wrong in Terminal affairs, which the insiders are keeping a close secret. They all professed surprise at the fall of the stock. The large portion of the sales could be traced to their own accounts. A representative of that company said yesterday: "In the very few instances in which we did give special rates we notified connecting lines of it in advance. This is untrue of the Georgia, Florida, and Atlantic, which is broken down by the three roads, and with which we did not exchange business."

"Going back into the association is a matter of indifference to us.

We are getting the business, are carrying almost all the passengers we can accommodate, and are pleasing the people. We have the best schedules and the best service, and consequently we get all we can do. It is our purpose to maintain rates, and not to demoralize them."

It was very plain yesterday that the East Tennessee people were not so happy over the change as the other lines are.

## IN IT ONCE MORE.

The East Tennessee Goes Back Into the Association,

AND THE OTHER LINES ARE GLAD.

But There Is No Rejoicing Among the Rustlers Who Enjoy the Liberty of Free Laredo.

The East Tennessee is back in the Southern Steamship and Passenger Association.

The announcement was the sensation of the day in railroad circles yesterday. All the other lines were as happy as a father over his first baby. The East Tennessee drew out last August. At the time Mr. Fink stated that the withdrawal was chiefly because his road was not in the union depot in Atlanta. He did not know what might happen, and he did not want to be hampered in the event of complications. The East Tennessee people are the hustlers of southern railroading. They are alive and awake all the time, and are just the sort of folks who enjoy the liberty of being free lances, even if they do not abuse the privilege. But the other roads wanted them back.

Under date of November 4th Commissioner Thomas A. Carter wrote Vice President Henry Fink, saying in the course of his letter:

I am pleased to see that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia trains are now running into the union depot at Atlanta. And now that the question of terminal rates has been definitely settled to your satisfaction, I ask that you will at once resume your membership with the Southern Passenger Association.

I am induced to bring the matter to your attention at this time by the strained relations existing between certain members of this association competing with the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway and the latter road. There has been more or less irritation between the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway and its competitors in this association for some months past, with an occasional violation of established rates; passenger rates at points competitive with the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway are rapidly becoming unstable, as this association is forced to yield its jurisdiction at certain important points; and I fear a serious disruption of rates unless the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway and the latter road will resume their membership of this association, thus making all the lines east of Chattanooga amenable alike to a common rule.

Furthermore, we have the assurance of Mr. H. B. Cable, general manager, that he will renew the membership of the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West railway in the Southern Passenger Association as soon as the membership of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway is renewed.

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It was very plain yesterday that the East Tennessee people were not so happy over the change as the other lines are.

MR. INMAN CANNOT COME.

He Was Expected Today But Will Not Be Here.

The East Tennessee's annual meeting which was to be held at Knoxville yesterday, was postponed until December 16th.

Messrs. John T. Inman, Bries, Thomas, Swann and President Felton went to Knoxville, organized a meeting and adjourned without transacting any business.

Mr. John Inman, president of the Richmond Terminal, was expected to be here today, but he wired the Constitution late last night that he will have to postpone his visit.

Everything was put in order in the Kiser building last night for the president's arrival, unless it was the elevator. One of the chiefs instructed his men to come down this morning and clean their Sunday clothes and with clean faces.

Several division officials had been summoned to be here today. Some of them came in last night.

General and Personal.

Superintendent Ryder, of the Georgia Pacific, was in the city yesterday.

The Western and Atlantic's new sleeping car line for St. Louis is doing a good business.

The Atlanta and West Point's Kimball hotel ticket office has not been closed, as was reported. Tickets are on sale there as heretofore.

The East Tennessee's morning train to Birmingham promises to be well patronized from the start. It will be a great convenience to the traveling public.

REMOVED TO CLARKSVILLE.

The Mount Airy Prisoners Taken Out of the Way.

MOUNT AIRY, Ga., November 18.—[Special.] The coroner's jury found a verdict in the church murder case as follows:

We, the jury, find that Albert Church came to his death of hemorrhage from the effect of a pistol-shot wound at the hands of some persons unknown to us; that Martha Scott was held as principal, Kate Scott, Harris, Mary Scott, Sam Hassell and Joe Bridger as accessories.

E. R. Trimble, foreman, S. Rogers, G. Mose James, Cash, Sam Kinsey, O. J. Reynolds, Eliza Warren, J. T. Priston, H. R. Stephens.

The prisoners have been taken to Clarksville jail to await trial on the 10th of December. The trial will be at 10 o'clock a.m. Charles Bridger and John Sisk were also taken to jail for the part they played in this awful crime.

Mr. Hall, who stays at the Elkin-Watson Drug Company, and a brother-in-law of Hassell, went down to the jail and asked to see him. He says Hassell will easily prove his entire innocence of being in any way connected with the affair. He says there is no doubt but that the fatal shot was purely accidental, and was fired by the woman, Katie Harris Scott.

A number of Hassell's friends were seen, and all expressed perfect confidence of his innocence and his ability to establish it.

A Well-Known Young Man.

Mr. Samuel Hassell, who is implicated in the Charles murder at Mount Airy, has for several months attended the soda fountain of the Elkin-Watson Drug Company, of this city. He is about twenty-one years of age, and is from the Mount Airy district and went down there Saturday for a day's hunt and was to have been back Monday night.

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The Alliance Organ.

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From Cincinnati to Tampa.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., November 18.—[Special.]—The Savannah, Florida and Western railway and other roads have put on a through sleeper from Cincinnati to Tampa, Fla., via Thomasville, and new trains were put on the Louisville and Nashville line to and from the Louis Vaudia road, negotiation having been recently concluded by which the Vaudia is to be an exclusive connection of the Erie line to and from Louis.

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## GENERAL PALMER,

g Man with the Small Army  
Record.

## GRAND ARMY HEADQUARTERS

Out to Be a Soldier Without  
a History.

## HE IS A BOGUS SOLDIER

of Mystery Hangs Over the Man  
Who Never Saw a Confederate  
Flag in Time of War.

OK, November 18.—[Special.]—

General John Palmer, commandant

of the Grand Army of the Republic,

a confederate flag. It is almost

over now one moving over the lines

fought under it during the late

years. Following his late speech

it would be a good idea for General

to publish his war record in full, and

show just what he did to the

union.

ent the general's war record is over.

It is said he was captain of a com-

pany, but no one seems to know

what battles, if any, he took part in.

General Palmer was elected com-

mandant last summer, every paper

made diligent efforts to do

what does not appear in the latest

editions of any American biography,

but without success.

The committee is as follows:

## WARMING UP.

The Coming Municipal Election All the  
Talk in the City.

## THE REGISTRATION STILL GOES ON

The City Executive Committee Will Be  
Completed Today—The Polling  
Places at the City Election.

The registration books close next Wednesday,  
the 25th instant.

The books are in the hands of City Tax  
Collector C. K. Maddox, in the city hall, and  
those who have not registered should do so  
at once.

To register you must have lived twelve  
months in the state, six months in the county  
and ten days in the city. You must have paid  
all taxes, except for this year, since 1877.

These include poll taxes to the state and  
property taxes to the state, county and city.

Judge John L. Hopkins, chairman of the  
citizens' executive committee, by virtue of  
his being chairman of the committee of  
100, announces the following six members  
of the city executive committee for the city  
at large, pursuant to the resolutions adopted  
by the committee of 100, authorizing the  
members from each ward to elect three  
members, and the chairman to appoint six  
from the city at large.

As will be seen in the appointments from  
the city at large, Judge Hopkins has  
given three to those who have in time  
voted the prohibition ticket, and three to  
those who have voted to the contrary.  
Messrs. Hirsch, Moran and Cooper  
being the latter.

The committee is as follows:

First Ward—Joseph Hirsch.

Second Ward—P. J. Moran.

Third Ward—J. J. Falvey.

Fourth Ward—W. S. Thomson.

Fifth Ward—J. T. Cooper.

Sixth Ward—H. H. Cabaniss.

The members from the respective wards of  
the city are as follows:

First Ward—Aaron Haas, Dr. P. E. Murray,  
Henry Kuhn.

Second Ward—H. C. Stockdell, A. D. Adair,  
James F. O'Neill.

Third Ward—Arnold Broyles, James Campbell,  
Z. Smith.

Fourth Ward—T. W. Latham, John Stephen,  
Thomas L. Bishop.

Fifth Ward—E. C. Murphey, C. J. Wein-

heimer, John A. Murphy.

Sixth Ward—R. J. Lowry, D. W. Apper, B.  
H. Hill.

They Are Registering.

Two hundred and fifty-five voters were en-

rolled by Tax Collector Maddox yesterday.

One hundred and sixty-eight were white  
voters.

And eighty-seven were colored.

The third ward gave the largest registration  
among the whites—thirty-four, and the fourth  
the smallest—twenty-three.

With the colored voters the third ward gave  
the heaviest registration—twenty-four, and the  
sixth the lightest—eight.

This makes the total registration 4,862, and  
it is divided in this way among the wards:

First Ward, white..... 662

      " colored..... 263

Second Ward, white..... 746

      " colored..... 93

Third Ward, white..... 503

      " colored..... 192

Fourth Ward, white..... 282

      " colored..... 548

Fifth Ward, white..... 120

      " colored..... 841

Sixth Ward, white..... 127

      " colored..... 4,862

Open at Night.

The registration law demands that the regis-

tration books be kept open up to 9 o'clock

every night for six days preceding the clos-

ing day.

Friday night will be the first of the six

nights, and up to 9 o'clock the books will re-

main open.

But there is no reason why any one should

wait until then.

The registration books are open today and the

tax collector is waiting to add your name to the list.

So go register at once.

To Help the Candidates.

The conservative candidates met yesterday

afternoon in the Kimball house ballroom.

A large number of gentlemen who are in

heavy sympathy with the ticket were present,

and for an hour the campaign was fairly dis-

cussed.

Every one present was confident of a sweep-

ing victory for the ticket, and quite an enthu-

sastic meeting it was.

To Meet Today.

The city executive committee will meet in

room 104, Kimball house, this afternoon at

half-past 3 o'clock.

Judge Hopkins, the chairman, issued the

call for the meeting.

The committee is called together for the pur-

pose of perfecting its organization and

arranging for the campaign work.

Committees will be ap-

pointed to take charge of the registration

and of the wards. Every voter will be made

to register, and every citizen will be shown the

importance of turning out and giving

the entire ticket a full, hearty and active sup-

port.

The full committee is completed yesterday

by Judge Hopkins is earnestly requested to be

present.

That committee is:

First Ward—Joseph Hirsch.

Second Ward—P. J. Moran.

Third Ward—J. J. Falvey.

Fourth Ward—W. S. Thomson.

Fifth Ward—J. T. Cooper.

Sixth Ward—H. H. Cabaniss.

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First Ward—Aaron Haas, Dr. P. E. Murray,

Henry Kuhn.

Second Ward—H. C. Stockdell, A. D. Adair,

James F. O'Neill.

Third Ward—Arnold Broyles, James Campbell,  
Z. Smith.

Fourth Ward—T. W. Latham, John Stephen,

Bishop.

Fifth Ward—E. C. Murphey, C. J. Wein-

heimer, John A. Murphy.

Sixth Ward—K. J. Lowry, D. W. Apper, B.  
H. Hill.

They will be open at 7 o'clock a.m.

and closed at 6 o'clock p.m.

Three managers will manage the election in

each ward. It is said that the term of office

of the managers has expired, and that a

called meeting of the council will have to be

held to elect managers for the coming election.

A Rally Last Night.

The announcement that Sam W. Small would

open a Prohibition hall last night attracted a

large crowd of his adherents. Mr. Small is

wide awake for the last two hours

and again.

He was lying when you said you were

wake.

In Honor of Grubb.

A man in the Advertiser offers a

reward of \$1,000 for the return of

the grand old man who was never seen

in America before the days of

Glendale.

Glendale Has Missed.

Mr. Gladstone was never seen in

the city before the days of

Glendale.

Nightly Occurrence.

A school teacher—Now, children, what

is the best before you jump into bed,

you may tell us.

Step on the tail of my night-

mare.

WEATHER REPORT.

Nov. 18.—Forecast

sternly winds; fair weather.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Nov. 18, 7 a.m.—Barometric

pressure, 30.64; temperature, 54°;

east; velocity, 16; wind, nor-

theast.

10 a.m.—

## JACKSON-GRANT.

A Brilliant Wedding Which Was a Great Event in Atlanta Society.

## THE CEREMONY AT ST. PHILIP'S

And the Reception at Captain Grant's. Other Events in Atlanta Society. The Greene-Rhodes Wedding.

The wedding which united Mr. Thomas Cobb Jackson and Miss Sarah Frances Grant was probably the most brilliant, impressive and notable ceremonial that was ever seen in Atlanta. It occurred at 8 o'clock at St. Philip's church last evening.

The altar and chancel of the church were adorned in white and yellow, many Marochal Niel and bride roses showing against the banks of tropical greenery. A circle of white tapers in silver candleabra shed their soft light about the altar and there were many tall silver lamps filtering their mellow radiance through white and yellow flower shades.

The wedding party entered to the grand strains of "Lohengrin" played by Mr. O'Donnell, assisted by an orchestra of eight.

The ushers were:

Major Livingston Mims and Mr. Albert Thornton.

Judge Newman and Mr. Clarence Knowles.

Mr. Grant Wilkins and Mr. Edward McCandless.

The attendants came down the aisle in couples in the following order:

Mr. Peter Grant and Mr. James W. English, Jr.

Mr. Daniel Rountree and Mr. John D. Berry.

Mr. Louis Redwine and Mr. W. E. Chapin, of Richmond.

Mr. Charles Crankshaw and Mr. L. B. Jackson, of New York.

Mr. St. John Ravenel and Mr. W. S. Carrington, of New York.

After these gentlemen had taken their places about the chancel, the bridesmaids came down the aisle. Ten enchantingly lovely young girls they were, and they were paired off, blonde and brunette, so that the beauty of each one was enhanced by contrast. They wore handsome gowns of ivory white satin, gracefully adorned with chiffon. The first couple carried big bouquets of bride roses, the second, of French roses; the third, of blossoms of Albany, the fourth, of American beauties, and the fifth of jacquemints—thus showing the exquisite color transitions from white to rich red. They came in the following order:

Miss Annie Inman and Miss Nellie Inman.

Miss Alline Stocking and Miss May Hull, of Athens.

Miss Hattie Inman and Miss Julia Lowry Clarke.

Miss Daisy Neely, of Memphis, and Miss Joan Clarke.

Miss Birdie Brown, of Nashville, and Miss Williams, of Buffalo.

Then came the little bridesmaids, Miss Eric Prather, Miss Prather, and Miss Prather, who were the maid of honor, the flower girl, and the junior bridesmaid. Their gowns were of white satin, most artistically fashioned in quilt style, and their bouquets were bride roses.

They were followed by the maid of honor, Miss Cornelia Jackson, a perfect vision of brilliant, enchanting loveliness, in a gown of yellow moire antique, the skirt and V-cue bodice finished with softest ruffles of embroidered chiffon. Long yellow gloves, yellow satin slippers and a big bouquet of Marochal Niel roses completed her exquisite toilet.

The bride stood, on the arm of her father; and it seemed, as she glistened down the aisle, as if the sanctuary were filled with that holiness and glory one feels at Easter-tide, when the tall lilies give their white radiance to column and altar. She was clad in a gown of ivory duchesse satin, whose long, perfectly plain court train swept like a shining snow drift for many yards behind her. The front was adorned with a deep ruffle with chiffon looped up, garland-wise, in the center. Above were two long sprays of orange blossoms, these having the leaves embroidered in silk and the waxen flowers appliqued and sewed on. The bodice was of white satin, and showed ten small and sprays of seed pearls in the pattern and the two sprays were finished near the waist by embroidered love knots of white and green. The bodice was short and pointed, with long, perfectly plain sleeves, and the neck cut V, back and front. Two satin ribbons, coming from the back and going under the arms to the point in front, outlined the front, which was finished with embroidered orange blossoms like the skirt, this having a soft arrangement of chiffon on either side. The chintz was also drawn in full folds over the bosom, where a fine necklace, a gift of the groom—an exquisite pin encrusted with diamonds, the center one a priceless pearl, and on either side two brilliant emeralds, while the pendant was of pearl-shaped pearls. Her earrings were very large diamond solitaires, the gift of Captain and Mrs. Henry Jackson, and her necklace, the gift of her grandmother, Mrs. Martha Grant, was a chain of many diamonds, each a matchless stone. Her veil was caught by pearl and diamond pins. Her bouquet was of white orchids and delicate ferns, and her slippers were white satin with diamond buckles.

Miss Grant, always a beautiful and queenly girl, was the belle of the wedding night. Her face and figure seemed just what a great poet would picture for that ideal bride.

She was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. John W. Grant. As the handsome and dashing pair stood to take the solemn vows that should unite their lives forevermore, it seemed indeed that this splendid man and woman were made for each other just as were those in the garden of Eden.

Bishop Melville, of Alabama, performed the ceremony, assisted by Rev. Dr. Tupper, rector of St. Philip's. The beautiful service of the church was the most solemnly and eloquently said, and then came the recessional music from Tannhauser, to which the wedding party walked down the aisle.

From the church they and a number of friends drove to the mansion of Captain and Mrs. W. D. Grant, on Peachtree, where an elegant reception was given. The entire lower floor was thrown open and richly decorated. Small, from Washington, D. C., arranged many of the floral ornaments, furnished the flowers for the bridal party and came down himself to design the decorations. The magnificent drawing room, whose frescoes and furniture are after the style of Louis XIV., had all the superb white and gold richness, draped in soft mists of white chintz, and caught with tendrils of vine, ferns and knots of bride roses. The bow window was all hung with this diaphanous material, and from the arch in the middle was suspended an exquisite marriage bell formed of white roses and chrysanthemums. Beneath this Mr. and Mrs. Jackson stood to receive their congratulations. Two wreaths of white roses ornamented the sides of this archway, and the long curtains on each side were draped with illusion, caught in fine ferns. The bases of these were covered by banks of white roses. The mirror above the mantel was garnished with white roses and draped with illusion. The archway to the folding door was hung with white duchesse lace and all the folding door archways were adorned in this same fashion.

The effect from the hallway, looking into this room, all white and gold, and into the elegant library, where the musicians were placed behind a bank of tropical greenery, was bewilderingly beautiful.

The dining room was served by Sherry, who came down from New York in a train with twenty assistants for this grand occasion. The dining room was dazzling in its splendor of lights, cut glass and rich silver. The table ornaments were entirely of superb silver and the colors used in the floral decorations were white and pink. In the center was a large star of carnations, and many bouquets of La France and bride roses formed the other floral decorations, while the superb silver candleabra contained rose-colored tapers with pink rose shades. The supper was elaborate and delicious beyond description.

Miss Grant, who is noted for her charming hospitality, was a peerless hostess, and she looked a queen on the occasion. She wore a Paris toilet of pale pinkish lilac brocade. The skirt was finished with a ruffle of exquisite white point lace beaded by a looping of finest pearl passementerie. The bodice had the sleeves and front finished with ballotree veiles and point lace, and completed

by a high Medici collar formed entirely of finest pearls. Superb diamonds completed the toilet. The favors were silver boxes with the monogram of the bride and groom containing a slice of wedding cake. The bride's favors to her attendant were gold and knots encrusted with enamel for forget-me-nots.

One large apartment was filled to overflowing with the wedding gifts.

I have really never seen so many magnificent presents, and to name them all would be nearly as stupendous a task as to catalogue the beautiful things in Tiffany's.

The present from the bride's parents was a superb silver service, each piece richly and ingeniously wrought and lined with gold. Mr. John Grant's gift was an exquisite silver water service. The Miss Cornelia Jackson and Miss Jackson was a complete set of silver. General Jackson, of Savannah, gave a handsome silver bowl. Mrs. Thomas R. Cobb, of Athens, a superb oxidized silver clock.

Among the guests present from a distance were Mrs. Thomas R. R. Cobb, of Athens, the grandmother of the groom; General and Mrs. Jackson, of Savannah; Mrs. A. L. Hull, of Athens and Mr. Charles Mills, of Griffin.

It is a custom in concluding a marriage notice to say something of the personality of the bride and groom. To Atlanta—the entire south, I might say—that would seem appropriate, so well have these two young people been known in social circles everywhere. But I cannot refrain from the opportunity of paying tribute to the exquisite loveliness of the young woman, who, as Miss Grant, has won the love and admiration of all who have been so fortunate as to know her well; and to Mr. Jackson, too, whose great young manhood has already gained great prominence and given him a most successful business, being for many years a partner and financial manager in the firm of McBride & Co. For the past few years he has been giving his attention to real estate, and is now a director and one of the executive committee in the Bridgeport Land and Improvement Company.

Mr. Johnson and his bride will be at home to their friends after December 1st, at the residence of Colonel A. J. McBride, 151 Richardson street. Mr. Johnson is a brother of Mrs. McBride, and also of Mr. Henry Johnson, of Chamberlain, John and son who has always

called himself, that being the name his father assumed when he went north, is a noble, good-looking young man, and is already as devoted to his mother as if he had always lived with her. He is as yet undecided whether he will send for his wife and move to Atlanta or take his mother back with him. He holds an important position with the Southern Express Company in New Jersey and can't make up his mind whether to resign and move to Atlanta or not.

Mr. Colva, who eloped with the pretty

Thomasville, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. Algernon W. Miller, of this city, was married today at Shelbyville, Ill., to Miss Annie E. Wood. Miss Wood spent last winter in this city. The couple will return to Thomasville after a short tour.

Hoos, formerly of Senoia, Ga., and a sister of Professor A. W. VanHoos, the prominent educator of Gainesville. She has been assisting her brother in music and studies at the Georgia Female Seminary for several years.

Mr. Polhill is a promising young lawyer, and a graduate of the St. Louis University.

Mr. and Mrs. Polhill passed through Atlanta yesterday afternoon going to Macon, their future home.

Miss Jennie Burpee, a charming young social favorite from Newnan, has been visiting Miss Lena Stewart for some time. She is a young lady of rare beauty and accomplishments.

COVINGTON, Ky., November 18.—On last Wednesday evening the marriage of Mr. Russell Johnson and Miss Reeta Boyd was celebrated in Covington, Ky., with every possible charm at the home of the bride.

The wedding was one of the most beautiful and artistic ever held in that place. The flowers were of the rarest kind, and were present in rare profusion. The bridesmaids were all most beautifully dressed, many of them coming from a distance, among the number being Miss Law McBride, of Atlanta.

The bride was enveloped in a soft tulip veil, which was fastened upon her shapely head with a single ornament of great beauty, a diamond horse-shoe pin, a gift of the groom.

The gown in texture was elegant, and the corsage was an ideal in style—Adorned only with point de Alencon berthe. The Episcopal service was most impressively used by the Rev. Mr. Priest. The bride is a noted beauty, and when the face was lighted up with love and happiness, she was an ideal of beauty.

Miss Grant was the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Grant, who have been one of the most successful business men, being for many years a partner and financial manager in the firm of McBride & Co. For the past few years he has been giving his attention to real estate, and is now a director and one of the executive committee in the Bridgeport Land and Improvement Company.

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PERMANENTLY  
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Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Impotence,  
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THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY.

Capital Lodge, Knights of Pythias, to Cele  
brate Beditting Their Day of Founding.

The 10th day of February will mark the  
twenty-eighth year of the existence of Capital  
Lodge, Knights of Pythias. That lodge pro  
poses to jubilate then as befits the occasion.

The committee on arrangements, of which  
Mr. Hamilton Douglas is chairman, is pre  
pared to work to arrange an appropriate  
program for the day. The day has not  
been determined yet exactly what will be done, but  
the event warrants and the knights propose to  
have a splendid affair.

Invitations will be issued to the three other  
lodges and to the two divisions of uniform  
Knights of Pythias to participate. Likely a grand  
Knights of Pythias parade will be the order of  
the day, followed by speed skating, a feast  
and other interesting features.

Capital Lodge, Knights of Pythias, is the  
second oldest lodge of that order in Atlanta. It has  
always been a strong and successful  
branch, and in point of members, too, is ahead  
of the sister lodges by a large majority.

Peculiar in combination, proportion and pre  
paration of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla  
possesses the full-curative value of the best  
known remedies of the vegetable kingdom.  
Try it.

Everything You Want.

You can find the style to suit, the size to fit you  
and the price that will satisfy you in shoes at  
G. Blaikie's, 35 Whitehall. His stock of shoes was  
bought for the people.

sun tues Thurs

## WORK OF THE COURTS.

The Heaviest Dockets Ever Known in the  
City Court.

THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-TWO CASES

Filed—Judge Van Epps Tries Some Suits  
of Interest—Echoes of Return Day.  
Gossip of the Departments.

The heaviest docket of cases in the history  
of the city court of Atlanta is that of the De  
cember term, 1891, being the record of cases  
just filed.

Some four hundred and thirty-two cases  
were brought to this one term alone, many of  
them, indeed, most of them, involving heavy  
litigation.

Three hundred and seven cases were brought  
to the June term, 1891, making for this single  
year some seven hundred and forty cases.

This is unprecedented.

Judge Van Epps, even if he sits in two di  
visions, with Judge Westmoreland to help  
him, as he is authorized to do, under an act of  
the last legislature, will find it a weighty job  
to work off all this business next year.

This is one of the many indications of the  
growth of the city, and especially of the busi  
ness of the city court under the present ad  
ministration.

The number of cases filed for the year 1886,  
the first year of Judge Van Epps's administra  
tion, was 205, and the dockets have been  
steadily increasing ever since, until they have  
reached their present proportions.

The Superior Court.

In the superior court, Judge Marshall J.  
Clarke presiding, the case of F. W. Miller &  
Co. vs. F. M. Coker was resumed yesterday  
morning.

It was alleged by the plaintiffs that the de  
fendant signed the contract to sell them 250  
shares of Westview cemetery stock at \$30 a  
share; that the stock was to be purchased for  
Robert J. Lowry; and that Mr. Coker did not  
deliver the stock according to contract, and re  
fused to make payment when called upon.

Messrs. Miller & Co., through their attorneys  
Messrs. Glenn & Stason and Carroll Payne,  
filed a suit against Mr. Coker, and it was be  
gun before Judge Clarke last Tuesday after  
noon. Judge J. L. Hopkins appeared for the  
defendant. Yesterday before the case had gone  
to the jury the attorneys announced that an  
agreement had been reached, and the case  
was marked "settled."

The City Court.

The city court of Atlanta met yesterday  
morning at 9 o'clock, Judge Howard Van  
Epps presiding.

The wife that he brought from Norfolk, re  
turned yesterday morning to stay with her  
parents and to defend him.

His first wife says she does not want to live  
with him any more, but that she wants to  
prosecute him to the full extent of the law.  
She says she has suffered for four years, spend  
ing several months of the time in a charity  
hospital away from her children on his ac  
count, and she wants to see him punished.  
The evidence failed to establish carelessness  
on the part of the defendant; hence the ver  
dict in his favor.

In the case of Frank E. Block against J. J.  
Fulvey, the facts of which were given in yes  
terday's CONSTITUTION, the jury gave the  
plaintiff a verdict for \$19,14.

In the case of F. A. Pittman vs. A. L. Beck,  
which was traverse to the answer of a gar  
nishee, the jury found against the traverse.

The case of F. A. Pittman & Co. vs. Will  
iam E. Jones, resulted in a verdict for the  
plaintiff for \$1,200 principal, and \$14.05 in  
interest, costs of suit.

The case of Mrs. Angelina Johnson vs. the  
Metropolitan Street Railroad Company was  
taken up, but the hour of adjournment was  
reached before a jury was struck in the case.  
It will be resumed this morning. This is a  
suit for damage for personal injuries.

Echoes of Return day.

Mrs. N. C. Hicks, by her attorney, Mr. C. T.  
Ladson, filed suit against the Nashville, Chat  
tanooga and St. Louis Railroad Company, lessors  
of the Western and Atlantic railroad, for  
\$30,000 for killing her son, Frank M. Hicks,  
at Smyrna he had his skull fractured, his  
nose broken and his sense of sight, swelling  
and hearing permanently impaired. He was  
badly wounded otherwise and disfigured. Mr.  
Ladson represents him.

The same attorney, in behalf of T. H. Wing  
field, also filed suit against the same com  
pany for \$10,000. The complaint averred  
that Mr. Wingfield was also a small  
clerk and was badly wounded.

Mr. E. O. Earwood, fireman, also claims  
damages to the amount of \$15,000 against the  
same railroad. Mr. Earwood avers that both  
bones of his leg were badly broken and he was  
injured internally in a head-on collision which  
occurred by means of an open switch at Kings  
ton a few weeks ago.

Mr. W. D. Duncan, mail clerk, who was in  
jured in the Kingston wreck, his spine being  
badly hurt and his side partially paralyzed,  
filed suit in the same court, through his at  
torney, Mr. Ladson, for \$15,000 against the Nash  
ville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad.

William F. French filed suit for \$4,000  
against the Louisville, St. Louis, and Texas  
railroad for loss of several fingers in  
coupling cars at Greenville, Miss., in January  
last. Mr. C. T. Ladson represents the plaintiff.

The Criminal Courts.

Judge Richard H. Clark, who is now in De  
catur, will open the criminal wing of the su  
perior court in Atlanta the first Monday in De  
cember. The docket is so heavy that it will  
require at least two hours to decide all the  
cases in sight. Just before the meeting of  
the grand jury will come together again to  
consider a large number of bills, which Sol  
licitor General Hill will have ready.

Judge Thomas P. Westmoreland, whose  
court enjoys concurrent jurisdiction in civil  
cases with the city court of Atlanta, will de  
vote most of his time during the month of De  
cember to the criminal court.

Mr. Lewis W. Thomas, who will succeed  
Mr. Frank O'Bryan as solicitor of the criminal  
court of Atlanta, will take charge of his office  
next February. Mr. Thomas is devoting  
much of his time to the study of criminal law,  
and he will be thoroughly up in court business  
before taking charge of the place.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY.

Capital Lodge, Knights of Pythias, to Cele  
brate Beditting Their Day of Founding.

The 10th day of February will mark the  
twenty-eighth year of the existence of Capital  
Lodge, Knights of Pythias. That lodge pro  
poses to jubilate then as befits the occasion.

The committee on arrangements, of which  
Mr. Hamilton Douglas is chairman, is pre  
pared to work to arrange an appropriate  
program for the day. The day has not  
been determined yet exactly what will be done, but  
the event warrants and the knights propose to  
have a splendid affair.

Invitations will be issued to the three other  
lodges and to the two divisions of uniform  
Knights of Pythias to participate. Likely a grand  
Knights of Pythias parade will be the order of  
the day, followed by speed skating, a feast  
and other interesting features.

Capital Lodge, Knights of Pythias, is the  
second oldest lodge of that order in Atlanta. It has  
always been a strong and successful  
branch, and in point of members, too, is ahead  
of the sister lodges by a large majority.

Peculiar in combination, proportion and pre  
paration of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla  
possesses the full-curative value of the best  
known remedies of the vegetable kingdom.  
Try it.

Everything You Want.

You can find the style to suit, the size to fit you  
and the price that will satisfy you in shoes at  
G. Blaikie's, 35 Whitehall. His stock of shoes was  
bought for the people.

sun tues Thurs

## FOUR FROWS.

Raphael Beerman's List of Wives Is In  
creasing at a Rapid Rate.

HE ENJOYS SEVERAL HONEY MOONS.

A Wife in Germany, One in Atlanta, One in  
Norfolk and One's whereabouts Unknown—He Has Gone.

How many wives has Raphael Beerman  
got?

That is a question that nobody in Atlanta  
seems to be able to answer. The figures  
Tuesday were placed at two, but yesterday  
they were doubled, and now stand at four.

This is the latest, and it is not known whether  
the returns are in or not.

In speaking of Beerman and his list of  
wives yesterday, a German lady said that she  
knew positively that he had a wife now in  
Germany.

The lady does not know where or when  
she married the wife that is now sojourning in  
Germany and does not know whether she ap  
pears as first, second, third or fourth on the  
list, but she is certain that there is such a wife  
in existence.

It is also claimed that Beerman once played  
as leading man in a matrimonial performance  
of which the star was a pretty, little black-eyed  
Jewess who lived on Peters street. About  
three years ago Beerman was arrested and car  
ried to the station house and arrested up to the  
charge of bigamy at the instance of Captain P.  
Thompson two women followed him to the  
station house, both claiming to be his wife, but  
when the time set for the trial had arrived only  
one wife showed up. The other one could  
not be found, and after three days' im  
prisonment he was released for want of  
prosecution. It is supposed that Beerman's  
wives compromised the matter between them  
themselves, and that in consideration of a nice little  
sum of money the Peters street wife left the  
city.

This is the handsome Raphael's matrimonial  
record, according to the best information obtainable.

The authorities are rather anxious to review  
this record with him, but he undoubtedly ant  
icipated this and is making it a point to avoid  
a meeting with them. It is said that when  
Beerman left the city he carried four large  
dry goods boxes full of goods from his  
stock, and it is believed by his acquaintances  
that he is still in business in some little  
Georgia town not far from Atlanta.

The original Miss Beerman is still stopping  
at Mr. Weinberg's. She thinks that Beerman  
has either gone to Washington, Philadelphia  
or Norfolk, as he has friends and relatives in  
each of these cities.

The wife that he brought from Norfolk, re  
turned yesterday morning to stay with her  
parents and to defend him.

Hereafter the society will meet only on the  
first Wednesday in each month.

It is designed to make them know the most  
attractive and interesting held. The hall  
will be decorated and a band will be secured  
to furnish music in the afternoon and night.  
Adults will be charged 25 cents, and children  
10 cents for admission.

LEMON ELIXIR.

Its Wonderful Effect on the Liver, Stomach,  
Bowels and Kidneys.

For Bilious, Constipation and Malaria,  
Lemon Elixir.

For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Head  
ache, take Lemon Elixir.

For Sleeplessness, Nervousness and Heart  
failure, take Lemon Elixir.

For Fever, Chills and Debility, take Lemon  
Elixir.

DR. MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

For Bilious, Constipation and Malaria,  
Lemon Elixir.

For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Head  
ache, take Lemon Elixir.

For Sleeplessness, Nervousness and Heart  
failure, take Lemon Elixir.

For Fever, Chills and Debility, take Lemon  
Elixir.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta,  
Ga.

For all kinds of Liver, Stomach, Bowels and  
Kidneys.

For all kinds of Bowels and Liver.

## ZETTA CLARK INSANE.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Victim of a Stepfather's Brutal Treatment.

ORDINARY CALHOUN HEARS THE CASE.  
A Pathetic Story—The Little Girl in Court.  
Mrs. Brittain's Statement—She Needs Raiment.

Little Zetta Clark, the victim of Ponder, a story of whose cruelty to her, The Constitution has told already, will be an inmate of the insane asylum in a few days.

Yesterday morning she was adjudged to be insane by a jury before Ordinary Calhoun, and this afternoon she will be sent to Milledgeville.

A pathetic drama was enacted in the court.

The little girl was present, but her brutal stepfather, Walter Ponder, was far beyond the reach of the hand of justice.

Mrs. Brittain, Dr. Green, the Rev. Virgil Norcross and half a dozen others were interested in the proceedings.

Scantily clad in a threebare calico dress, without underskirts, and covered by an old cloak that reached nearly to her heels, and wearing a faded blue cap, trembling and frightened, the child cut a sad sight as she faced the twelve jurors who were to decide whether she be sane or demented.

Mrs. Brittain, of the King's Daughters, had rescued the poor girl from want and suffering. Her gentle kindness had soothed Zetta's heart that she clung to her. She testified in the most affecting way her love for this noble woman.

"I love you, Mrs. Brittain, because you are so kind to me, and I don't want you to leave me," cried the child.

Ordinary Calhoun addressed the jury as follows: "Gentlemen, Mrs. Brittain has sued out a writ of lunacy, averring that to the best of her knowledge and belief, Zetta Clark, the girl you see before you, is a person of unsound mind, and as such should be sent to the asylum. It will be your duty to determine this. Captain Manly and Mrs. Brittain are the only witnesses."

Mrs. Brittain told in simple language the pathetic story of a stepfather's brutality and a delicate child's sufferings. She had found the girl in a distressing condition in a house on West Peters street some five weeks ago. Then she seemed all right mentally. The girl had told her that she had been stolen by Ponder and that he was in Tennessee at the time, she thought. "She was glad when I rescued her," said Mrs. Brittain, "and has seemed very fond of me ever since. I am convinced that the girl is of unsound mind and should be placed where she can have the best medical attention." Mrs. Brittain's statement impressed the jurors.

Captain Manly's statement was much the same as that of Mrs. Brittain.

The girl was asked several questions and her rambling, incoherent replies were evidence of her mental weakness.

The jury soon decided that Zetta Clark was a person of unsound mind and should be committed to the retreat for the insane.

It was brought out that the child was almost without clothing, actually suffering for wearing apparel. One of the jurors, Mr. Anderson Harville, received his dollar and at once gave it to Mrs. Brittain for the girl.

Mrs. Brittain asks that all persons who feel inclined to help the child send clothing or other articles for her to the Providence infirmary, where the child will be held until to-night.

## From Montana.

"It is a pleasure to inform you of the good that S. S. has done me. I had blood poison several years ago, which had never been eradicated from my system. Last November it broke out in the shape of salt rheum on the back of my hands. I spent \$60 trying to be cured by the treatment of physicians and taking other medicines, and never found any benefit from any treatment. I then commenced taking S. S. That cured me sound and well. I feel that I am a well man. I took only three bottles. I have recommended the medicine to a great many people, and find that it is benefiting them as well as myself."—S. S. BURELL, Horse Plains, Montana.

S. S. never fails to relieve the worst cases of blood poison when taken by the directions, and before some vital organ has become impaired, so as to render a cure impossible. We will mail a valuable book on the blood and skin to any who will apply for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

St. Charles Hotel, Charleston, S. C. Convenient to the wholesale and retail business center, places of amusement, horse car lines. When you arrive ask for St. Charles Transfer Company. Nov 15 down sun thru

## BALLARD HOUSE.

## A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The oct 25th day

Remarks by Bill Nye.

You've got to be enterprising in these days to keep up with the times. This is to a degree accounts for the fact that R. C. Brock, 207 Peachtree, has, in a few years, come to the front in the shoe business in Atlanta. His name is thoroughly identified with the shoe trade in and out of the city.

## MARRIED.

GREENE-RHODES.—At Trinity church, Wednesday, November 18, 1891, Dr. Clement C. Greene and Miss Mae Rhodes, Rev. Walker Lewis, D.D., officiating. No cards.

## MEETINGS.

Attention, Knights Templar. In full uniform, special conclave at 8:30 a.m., corner Marietta and Broad streets, 2:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, to pay last sad tribute of respect to our deceased friend, George C. Bancroft, the beloved cemetery, and after ceremonies we will return to asylum in street car. H. C. STODDICK, Eminent Commander.

Z. B. MOON, Recorder.

Women's Christian Temperance Union. All members of the "old" Woman's Christian Temperance Union are urged to be present today, at 3:30 p.m., in the pastor's study of the First Baptist church, 107 Peachtree street, for a meeting of much interest, business of importance. Sisters welcome. Mrs. WITTEN, President.

Miss STORES, Secretary.

## Attention, Gate City Guard.

General Order No. 6. Meet at your armory tonight at 7:30 o'clock in fatigue uniform to attend reception to be given by the company by Mr. and Mrs.

Arthur H. VanDyke, Captain Commanding, L. D. White, Secretary.

## Masonic Notices.

Members of Fulton Lodge, No. 216, and all other Masons in good standing are requested to attend a regular communication of our lodge tonight at 7 o'clock. We will have work in the second degree, and the company by Mr. and Mrs.

Levi COHES, M.W.

OTTO SEID, Secretary.

## BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

## CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, November 18, 1891.

New York exchange buying at 4 off; selling at par. The following are bid and asked quotations:

## STATE AND CITY BONDS.

New York, 30 years.... 100 Atlanta, 7%, 1899-1900 100 D. 111 Atlanta, S. 111

New York, 25 years.... 100 Atlanta, 7%, 1899-1900 100 D. 109

New York, 45 years.... 100 Atlanta, 4%, 1899-1900 99

1914-15.... 100 Atlanta, 4%, 1899-1900 99

Savannah, 1896-1898 100

Atlanta, 1896-1898 100

Columbus, 1896-1898 100

Watkins, 1896-1898 100

Rome, 1896-1898 100

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

Bank of America, 100 Atlanta, 100

Atlanta, 100 100

Bank of Georgia, 100

Bank of America, 100

W. GRAY, Vice President;  
OTTLEY, Assistant Cashier.  
Banking Co.  
Profits, \$35,000.  
al Banks.  
George W. Blahon, Philadelphia 41  
Van Dyke, C. C. McGeehan, Joe  
bits accounts of banks, business  
corporations and individuals, to  
and is a legal dependency  
ALONZO RICHARDSON, Cashier

ing Company  
GREETINGS.  
als. Interest at the rate of 2 per  
paper discounted at current rates.

ash. G. A. NICOLSON, Asst. Cash.  
G COMPANY.  
ility, \$300,000.  
and loans made on collateral,  
it left 90 days; 5 per cent if  
extended to our customers.

RIC CO.,  
BROADS  
RS TO

TRY & CO.  
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES ALWAYS  
and house ammunicators, elec-  
tors and batteries, and watch-  
ers. Also repairing done. Isolated  
in the general south-  
9 N. Broad, Atlanta, Ga.

K & SON  
RNING

oom Suits ever shown  
d Seat,

ns, with over 200 hand-  
ents THIS WEEK on the full  
ns, which has been cut fully  
on our floors.

Lounges, with 20 dozen Fancy  
apartments for

ENTS  
e will also open 80 new and  
ebrated Grand Rapids make-  
e to show more furniture—  
south of the Mason and Dixon

ROM.

& SON.

THE CITY.  
ngal injury. Treatment 10c.  
Illinois. For part 10c.  
Eagewood Avenue and Ivy

ne. Fine Monumental Work of  
Robbins Bros., Proprietors.

Stron, have very large and  
city properties. Deal largely

est. Makes a specialty of unusual  
offer some splendid bargains

Whitehall Street, corner Mitchell

repaired and upholstered. 12

ages, Door Plates and Numbers,

W. Rubber Stamp and Novelty

nnual properties, pine lands,

per cent net. Office adjoining

acturing Jewelers, Diamonds,

; rest, diamonds and fine

nts, No. 2 Kimball House, Wall

business, giving patrons benefit

157 Decatur street, wants 5,000

quors, in retail quantities, at

Lambs, Fruit Jars, Mackinaw

headquarters for all coll.

No. 2 S. Pryor street, opposite

Stores for offices, bedrooms or

Send for circular.

and Grates, Gas and Electric

bers, Steam and Gas Fitters.

12 Marietta street, the R. M.

AILLROAD TICKETS at re-

duced rates. Tickets bought and

us coal. Wholesale and re-

or Hard-Wood fitters and

promptly. First-class work a

lithell and 64 S. Broad. Es-  
pecialty. Give in a call and get

to a home; payment shded to

10; term \$2 cash, balance at

regular East Lake Land Com-

panies, expressmen, lawys-

ers, notary publics and indi-  
viduals. Pay checks or sta-

Atlanta, Ga.

er, Furniture, Window Shades,

the most elegant line of Wall

All work guaranteed.

W. H. Street, Specializ-

and well made. Ladies

hairs at bottom prices. Calm-

hall and Alabama streets.

12 South Broad street, 11

\$12 Suites of New Furni-

ture, Fittings, etc.

and Leather Bedding, Packing

Eugene Jacobs, Pharmacy

Stave and Brewery Floors

ous references on application

holders of Plumbers, Stee-

re Railings, Wire Win-  
dows and Wire Elevator Es-

trich, Atlanta, Ga.

Laying, Furniture Repaired

Atlanta, Ga.

Grade machine of the V-

ers. We change com-

121 Edgewood Avenue.

ers in Sewing Machines

Standard Paper Patterns, Fash-

ing.

laying, Furniture Repaired

Atlanta, Ga.

Grade machine of the V-

ers. We change com-

121 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

See any headache—nothing else.

## A CONVICT TOO SOON.

The Stripes Will Be Taken Off Scott Wimbish.

## HE MAY GET A NEW TRIAL.

Several Rewards Offered by the Governor. A Reward for Walter Ponder—The Teachers' Examination.

## BAD "CHING CHANG."

It Reveals in the Mail Robbers' Own Writing

## THE WORK OF STRATTON AND BOALAN.

The Hieroglyphics Deciphered by Judge Will Haight—What Two Little Notebooks Will Do.

It doesn't always pay to trust to ciphers for secrecy.

A notable instance was brought to light yesterday.

When Stratton, Boalan and Armstrong, the three notorious mail robbers, were brought to the station house several weeks ago, their pockets were searched, as is customary done with all confined in the city prison.

Among other contents were found two little notebooks, containing memoranda in diary form.

One of them belonged to Stratton; the other was Boalan's. Both of them were kept for future use.

But it seemed as though they would never be of any benefit either to the detectives or any of the government officials.

The books were taken in charge by Inspector F. P. Roosier. He and several others went to work trying to decipher the hieroglyphics, and spent hour after hour over the puzzling job.

They had never seen anything like it, and their task was a difficult and exceedingly patient one. For all that it availed them nothing, for up till yesterday, neither Mr. Roosier nor any one who had worked at the unintelligible signs, had the slightest conception of their meaning.

Yesterday morning Judge Haight was shown some of the mystic words, and straightway the United States commissioner went to work to interpret them. In a few minutes he came across seven letters, which, from their position and the date under which they were written, he guessed to stand for "Atlanta."

The judge worked on carefully, and directly made another bold venture. Two words were placed together, and by comparison with the letters in Atlanta, he made out a portion of "Merchants' bank." He hazarded this as his second guess and proceeded.

No one was ever more successful. The ingenious commissioner soon had the whole problem solved. The mystery was unraveled, and before noon he was spelling out all of the contents of the notebooks.

Their meaning was instantly seen to be important.

It was an autobiography of Boalan and Stratton for the past year or more, and chronicled their doings—the cities they had visited, the banks they went to, the checks they cashed and their specific amounts—and their travels in general were written down and laid open to the judge and those about him.

What proved valuable was the fact that it tallied in every instance with the charges brought against the men, and was even more complete.

Inspector Roosier took the little tell-tales, was initiated into their mysteries and stored them carefully away.

They will prove of the utmost importance, when Stratton and Armstrong are brought up for trial, the strongest kind of evidence.

As for Boalan, every possible effort will be made to capture him and bring him before the bars of justice, especially since this additional testimony has been unearthed against him.

The shrewd fellow has escaped; the cool one who lent him the keys to the outer door of the Nashville jail has gone with him, while ostensibly in pursuit on Monday, but he has an army of men at his heels, who will leave no stone unturned to get him again; and the official whom he and his pals bribed.

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## THE ALDERMEN MEET

And Dissent from a Number of the Council's Ordinances.

### THE SALARY OF COUNCILMEN STILL \$600

Citizens of Whitehall Street Will Not Get That Reduction—Church Property Taxation Comes In for Discussion.

The board of aldermen met in regular session yesterday morning.

The meeting was held a day earlier than usual to allow Messrs. Hutchinson and Woodward to attend the Savannah river congress, which convenes in Augusta today.

The board failed to agree with the council in a number of instances, and several ordinances of interest were non-concurred in by it.

The issue of 250 water bonds for \$1,000 each; the selection of the Green site for the new reservoir, and all other action pertaining to the furthering of the work on the new waterworks, were fully concurred in.

There was not a dissenting voice when the various ordinances on the subject were read.

The board seemed anxious to hasten the matter, and did not hesitate to approve of all that the council had done.

Stays Where It Was.

The ordinance making the salary of councilmen and aldermen \$500 came up. As expected, it produced lively discussion.

Mr. Rice was squarely opposed to any increase of the original amount, \$200. So was Mr. Hutchinson, and these two gentlemen stated so.

But there came co-operation from an unexpected quarter.

Alderman Woodward, too, didn't like the ordinance. He was unwilling to have the former \$600 reduced any, thinking that little enough for a member of the council to receive in compensation for his services to the city.

As a result, the ordinance failed to pass, and they will get the \$400 increase.

Didn't Get It.

The citizens of Whitehall street will not have their wishes gratified.

Several days ago they petitioned the council for some consideration in fixing the assessment for the recent paving done on that thoroughfare. They paid their pro rata share for the macadam and when the rocks were taken away and Belgian block put down the residents thought that there should be some reduction made in their assessment; especially as the street was all right until the Consolidated laid double tracks and did some necessary grading.

An ordinance was passed on Monday allowing 25 cents per front foot deduction as compensation for the old rocks.

The aldermen yesterday killed it.

The board considered it not alone a bad precedent, but illegal, and refused to concur.

Opposed to It.

Church property will not be as exempt from taxation as council wished.

The ordinance was that the marshal be directed to withdraw the advertisement pending for the sale of churches, church lots, parsonages and church school property for taxes for sewers, sidewalks or other street improvements, until further order for advertisement.

The board of aldermen disapproved of the granting of all of these privileges and concurred only in so far as the ordinance related to the tax on parsonages.

The matter was discussed at some length.

They Liked This.

The property purchased by the city for city taxes and assessments for curb, etc., that has been held for a year is to be advertised for sale on January 1, 1892, and will then be sold at public outcry to the highest bidder.

This was passed up by the council and fully concurred in yesterday.

Several other ordinances of minor importance were passed, and about noon the board adjourned.

MacLean and Prescott.

The Boston Post, speaking of Miss Prescott as Juliet, says: "A sweater, tenderer, more interesting Juliet it would be hard indeed to imagine." "She must be seen in it to be appreciated, and we can hardly do her justice without seeming extravagance," says The Philadelphia Press.

Miss Prescott will appear in this ever popular and beautiful love drama at Saturday's matinee at Detrola's opera house, Mr. MacLean playing Mercutio.

A most beautiful performance is promised, as they carry all the necessary scenery for the play, and the costumes are superb and the supporting company the best.

Mr. Barnes of New York.

A grand production of Mr. Archibald C. Gunter's celebrated drama, "Mr. Barnes of New York," will take place Monday and Tuesday, by Mr. F. W. Sanger's company from the Broadway theater, New York. The company, artists of recognized ability and reputation, who have made this play a great success throughout the country. Original costumes and scenery and surprising stage effects will be used in the presentation of this great play, and an enjoyable evening's entertainment can be anticipated.

Men, women and children take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and quickly get well. 25 cents.

Good day has come when you can buy a good liniment—Salvation Oil 25 cents.

Impure water, the cause of so much ill health, made harmless by adding a little Angostura Bitters. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegent & Sons.

Stoughton "Mackintoshes."

From the India Rubber Works of November 15.

There is a tendency among well-dressed men to discard the heavy winter overcoat, a light overcoat and a Mackintosh answering every purpose. Mackintoshes are now ventilated, handsewn lined and make a good garment, even when rain is not falling. An extensive stock of these Mackintoshes, manufactured by the Stoughton Rubber Company, of Boston, can be found at the Atlanta Rubber Company's store, 20 Decatur street.

To California.

There are many who do not know of the regular semi-monthly family excursions to California over the beautiful Queen and Crescent route via Birmingham and Meridian. Families, individuals or parties of friends wishing to travel and see, who do not care to indulge in the luxury of a Pullman Palace car, have no excuse for denying themselves the greatest treat of a life-time—a visit to California. For, although only the cheap rates charged, the time is not long, the sleeping cars are comfortable, have clean, fresh bedding, roomy laboratories and dressing rooms, and are kept perfectly clean and neat.

Information concerning time, leaving, and all other information that may be required, will be furnished by S. C. Ray, Passenger Agent, Queen and Crescent Route, Birmingham, Ala., nov 15-68.

For the Finest.

You, of course, appreciate genuine value. Then go to B. Black, 35 Whitehall, for shoes for yourself and family, provided you have a family sun tires.

St. Charles Hotel, Charleston, S. C. Superb rooms, cuisine and service unsurpassed. Large sample room for commercial men. nov 15 sun tires.

The East Lake

Land Company will be independent in regard to lighting their lake, as far as they have ample water power to generate their own electricity, and will put in a plant next spring.

The advantage of securing a lot now at the low price of \$100 each. T. C. Hampton, Secretary, 20 South Broad street. Sun tires.

Prepare For Cold Weather!

By putting "weather strip" on your doors and windows, a small crack under the door will cause a cold draught, and when you keep your home comfortable, even while not in it. We have the "cheapest 'weather strip' made. Lower H. H. Company, corner Peachtree and Walton streets.

## A RICH COLLECTION

Of new and beautiful designs in Hair Pins, Bonnet Pins and Combs, in gold and silver and shell. Exquisite in designs and low in prices.

## Freeman & Frankshaw

### "ACLEANSWEEP."

THE "BAR-LOCK" RECEIVED THE BLUE ribbon and medal as the best typewriter at the Piedmont Exposition.

If you are contemplating the purchase of a writing machine, you will do well to investigate the merits of the Blue.

### "BAR-LOCK."

### SALESROOM, 27 WHITEHALL ST.



#### PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK.  
Quality First and Always.

KELLIAM & MOORE,  
Scientific Opticians.

4 Old Capitol Building, Opposite Postoffice.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFELY ALREADY CALLED "LADIES' PILLS" IN THE OLD AND FAMOUS CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND IN RED AND GOLD METAL BOX.

Take One Pill a Day and You Will Be Free from Headaches, Neuralgias, and other Troubles.

As Druggists, send for our "Pennyroyal Pills" 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

Sold by all Druggists.

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